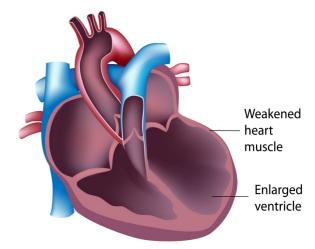
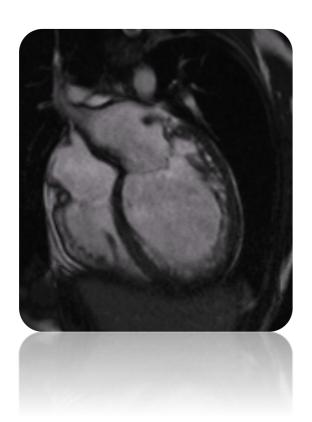


Cardiac MRI Essentials

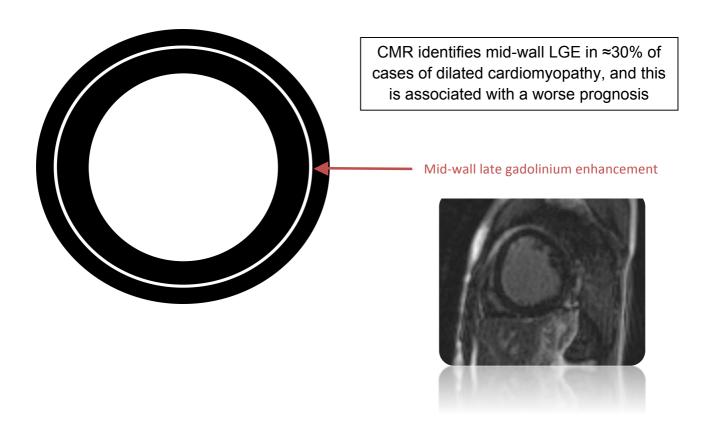
Dilated cardiomyopathy

- CMR has a valuable role in identifying the aetiology of cardiomyopathies
- CMR provides accurate quantification of left and right ventricular volumes, wall thickness and ejection fraction
- CMR can identify functional mitral regurgitation and left ventricular thrombus





4-chamber view, showing left ventricular dilatation



How do we perform CMR for dilated cardiomyopathy?

- Assess ventricular size and morphology
 - o 2, 3, 4-chamber views
 - Short axis stack
- Assess regional wall motion and global systolic function
- Late gadolinium enhancement CMR
 - o Exclude myocardial infarction
 - o Mid-wall late gadolinium enhancement
- Complications of dilated cardiomyopathy
 - o Functional mitral regurgitation
 - Left ventricular thrombus

Further reading

Cardiovascular Magnetic Resonance, Fibrosis, and Prognosis in Dilated Cardiomyopathy. *JACC* 2006; **48**: 1977-1985 [click here to access online]